



YOUR DOCTOR HAS PRESCRIBED FARXIGA

Why FARXIGA?

Living with heart failure is never easy. But the right medicines and right treatment plan can help **keep you out of the hospital for heart failure** and let you **enjoy more time with your family**.

That's why your doctor has prescribed FARXIGA® (dapagliflozin).

FARXIGA is a prescription medicine used to reduce the risk of CV death and hospitalization for heart failure in adults with symptomatic heart failure (when the heart is weak and cannot pump enough blood to the rest of your body).

FARXIGA works with the medicines you may already be taking for your heart failure, **but works differently**.

Even if your symptoms aren't severe right now, don't wait for them to **get worse or return**. Starting FARXIGA today can help **reduce your risk of hospitalization for heart failure** and **cardiovascular death** for your type of heart failure.

FARXIGA is also a medicine that's often used together with diet and exercise to improve control of blood sugar for people with type 2 diabetes.

Important Safety Information for FARXIGA® (dapagliflozin) 5 mg and 10 mg tablets

Who should not take FARXIGA?

Do not take FARXIGA if you:

- are allergic to dapagliflozin or any of the ingredients in FARXIGA. Symptoms of a serious allergic reaction may include skin rash, raised red patches on your skin (hives), swelling of the face, lips, tongue, and throat that may cause difficulty in breathing or swallowing. If you have any of these symptoms, stop taking FARXIGA and contact your healthcare provider or go to the nearest hospital emergency room right away
- are on dialysis

Please see Important Safety Information on back and Medication Guide and US Full Prescribing Information.



\$0 CO-PAY FOR FARXIGA

- If you have Commercial insurance, **you may pay as low as \$0 each month*** with the FARXIGA SavingsRx Card
- FARXIGA is covered for the majority of Commercial and Medicare Part D patients nationwide†

SIGN UP TODAY BY DOING ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:

- **Scanning the QR code below** with your phone's camera



- Visiting **FARXIGASAVE.COM**
- Texting **FARXIGASAVE** to **55065** from your mobile phone‡

*Subject to eligibility. Restrictions apply. Not available for government-insured patients. As low as \$0 for as long as your doctor prescribes any available dose of FARXIGA.

†Formulary data are provided by Fingertip Formulary® and are current as of February 2021.

‡By texting FARXIGASAVE from your mobile number, you agree to receive FARXIGA text messages generated by an automated dialer to this number. You understand that consent is not required to make a purchase and agree that your text is your electronic signature and provides electronic written consent. Message and data rates may apply. Text STOP to opt out. Text HELP for help. Up to 5 messages per month. You will only be contacted in regards to FARXIGA Patient Support, your privacy will be protected, and your information will not be shared. For more information, visit www.azprivacynotice.com, <https://www.azsmsterms.com/55065/sms-terms-and-conditions.html>.

Important Safety Information for FARXIGA® (dapagliflozin) 5 mg and 10 mg tablets (cont'd)

What are the possible side effects of FARXIGA?

FARXIGA may cause serious side effects including:

- **Ketoacidosis** occurred in people with type 1 and type 2 diabetes during treatment with FARXIGA. Ketoacidosis is a serious condition which may require hospitalization and may lead to death. Symptoms may include nausea, tiredness, vomiting, trouble breathing, and abdominal pain. If you get any of these symptoms, stop taking FARXIGA and call your healthcare provider right away. If possible, check for ketones in your urine or blood, even if your blood sugar is less than 250 mg/dL
- **Dehydration** (the loss of body water and salt), which may cause you to feel dizzy, faint, lightheaded, or weak, especially when you stand up (orthostatic hypotension). There have been reports of sudden kidney injury in people with type 2 diabetes who are taking FARXIGA. You may be at a higher risk of dehydration if you take medicines to lower your blood pressure, including water pills (diuretics); are age 65 or older; are on a low salt diet, or have kidney problems. Talk to your healthcare provider about what you can do to prevent dehydration including how much fluid you should drink on a daily basis. Call your healthcare provider right away if you reduce the amount of food or liquid you drink, or if you experience vomiting or diarrhea
- **Serious urinary tract infections (UTI)**, some that lead to hospitalization, occurred in people taking FARXIGA. Tell your healthcare provider if you have any signs or symptoms of UTI including a burning feeling when passing urine, a need to urinate often, the need to urinate right away, pain in the lower part of your stomach (pelvis), or blood in the urine with or without fever, back pain, nausea, or vomiting
- **Low blood sugar (hypoglycemia)** can occur if you take FARXIGA with another medicine that can cause low blood sugar, such as sulfonylureas or insulin. Symptoms of low blood sugar include shaking, sweating, fast heartbeat, dizziness, hunger, headache, and irritability. Follow your healthcare provider's instructions for treating low blood sugar
- **Bacterial infections under the skin of the genitals and areas around them.** Rare but serious infections that cause severe tissue damage under the skin of the genitals and areas around them have happened with FARXIGA. This infection has happened in women and men and may lead to hospitalization, surgeries and death. Seek medical attention immediately if you have fever or you are feeling very weak, tired or uncomfortable and you also develop any pain or tenderness, swelling, or redness of the skin in the genitals and areas around them
- **Vaginal yeast infections** in women who take FARXIGA. Talk to your healthcare provider if you experience vaginal odor, white or yellowish vaginal discharge (discharge may be lumpy or look like cottage cheese), or vaginal itching

- **Yeast infection of skin around the penis (balanitis)** in men who take FARXIGA. Talk to your healthcare provider if you experience redness, itching, or swelling of the penis; rash of the penis; foul smelling discharge from the penis; or pain in the skin around penis. Certain uncircumcised men may have swelling of the penis that makes it difficult to pull back the skin around the tip of the penis

The most common side effects of FARXIGA include yeast infections of the vagina or penis, and changes in urination, including urgent need to urinate more often, in larger amounts, or at night.

What should I tell my healthcare provider before taking FARXIGA?

Before you take FARXIGA, tell your healthcare provider:

- **all of your medical conditions**, including problems with your liver, bladder, or pancreas
- **if you have had, or have risk factors for, ketoacidosis** (including type 1 diabetes, are eating less due to illness, surgery, or a change in your diet, are going to have surgery, or binge drink)
- **if you are pregnant, or plan to become pregnant.** FARXIGA may harm your unborn baby
- **if you are breastfeeding, or plan to breastfeed.** It is unknown if FARXIGA passes into your breast milk
- **about all the medicines you take**, including prescription and nonprescription medicines, vitamins, and herbal supplements

Approved Uses for FARXIGA® (dapagliflozin)

What is FARXIGA?

FARXIGA is a prescription medicine used to:

- improve blood sugar control along with diet and exercise in adults with type 2 diabetes
- reduce the risk of hospitalization for heart failure in adults with type 2 diabetes and known cardiovascular disease or multiple cardiovascular risk factors
- reduce the risk of cardiovascular death and hospitalization for heart failure in adults with symptomatic heart failure (when the heart is weak and cannot pump enough blood to the rest of your body)
- reduce the risk of further worsening of your kidney disease, end-stage kidney disease, death due to cardiovascular disease, and hospitalization for heart failure in adults with chronic kidney disease

FARXIGA is not for people with type 1 diabetes. FARXIGA may increase the risk of diabetic ketoacidosis (increased ketones in your blood or urine) in people with type 1 diabetes.

FARXIGA is not for use to improve blood sugar (glucose) control in adults with type 2 diabetes who have moderate to severe kidney problems, because it may not work.

FARXIGA is not for people with certain genetic forms of polycystic kidney disease, or who are taking or have recently received immunosuppressive therapy to treat kidney disease. FARXIGA is not expected to work if you have these conditions.

You may report side effects related to AstraZeneca products by clicking [here](#).

If you can't afford your medication, AstraZeneca may be able to help. For more information, please visit www.AstraZeneca-us.com.

Please see Important Safety Information on front and [Medication Guide](#) and [US Full Prescribing Information](#).



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